COMMERCE

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

.

There will be two papers, Paper I and Paper 2, both of which will constitute a composite paper to be taken at one sitting.

- **PAPER I:** Will consist of fifty multiple choice questions to be answered in 50 minutes for 50 marks.
- **PAPER II:** Will consist of eight essay type questions out of which candidates will be required to answer any five within 2 hours for 100 marks.

S/NO	CONTENTS	NOT	ES
1.	INTRODUCTION	i. ii. iii. iv.	Definition of Commerce and E - Commerce History/Background of Commerce Scope of Commerce and E Commerce Functions of Commerce and E Commerce
2.	OCCUPATION	i. ii. iii.	Meaning of Occupation Types;- Industrial, Commercial, Service Occupation Factors that determine types of occupation / employment Career Opportunities
3.	PRODUCTION	i. ii.	Meaning Factors – land, labour, capital and entrepreneurship

DETAILED SYLLABUS

	iii.	Types:- Primary, Secondary and Tertiary production
	iv.	Division of labour/specialization

- meaning - types - advantages and disadvantages, - limitation v. Inter-relationship between production and exchange 4. BUSINESS UNITS i. Meaning and objectives of business ii. Forms of business units — Sole proprietorship, - Partnership, — Co-operative Societies, - Credit Union and Thrift Societies, — - Public enterprises, — Companies - iii. Types, Formation, characteristics, comparadvantages and disadvantages iv. Sources of capital of each forms of business v. Meaning and purpose of - Amalgamations, - Holding companies and Subsidiaries - Trust, - Holding companies and Subsidiaries - Consortium and Cartel vi. Dissolution/Liquidation of Companies/Partnet		n
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 Co-operative Societies, Credit Union and Thrift Societies, Public enterprises, Companies - Types, Formation, characteristics, comparadvantages and disadvantages Sources of capital of each forms of business V. Meaning and purpose of Amalgamations, Mergers and acquisitions Trust, Holding companies and Subsidiaries Consortium and Cartel Vi. Dissolution/Liquidation of Companies/Partner 		
 Credit Union and Thrift Societies, Public enterprises, Companies - Types, Formation, characteristics, comparadvantages and disadvantages Sources of capital of each forms of business V. Meaning and purpose of Amalgamations, Mergers and acquisitions Trust, Holding companies and Subsidiaries Consortium and Cartel Vi. Dissolution/Liquidation of Companies/Partner 		
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 Companies - iii. Types, Formation, characteristics, comparadvantages and disadvantages iv. Sources of capital of each forms of business v. Meaning and purpose of Amalgamations, Mergers and acquisitions Trust, Holding companies and Subsidiaries Consortium and Cartel vi. Dissolution/Liquidation of Companies/Partner 	societies,	
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- Consortium and Cartel vi. Dissolution/Liquidation of Companies/Partne		
vi. Dissolution/Liquidation of Companies/Partne	ubsidiaries	
5. TRADE ASSOCIATIONS Aims and functions of	ompanies/Pa	Partnership.

	i.	Trade Association
	ii.	Chamber of Commerce, Employers Association
	iii.	Consumer Association/Consumerism

6.	BUSINESS CAPITAL AND	i.	Meaning and types -
	PROFITS		Authorized/Registered/Normal capital, called-up,
			paid-up capital, capital owned, liquid/circulating
			capital
		ii.	Credit - Meaning, Sources, Instrument and
			Functions iii. Calculation of working capital,
		the I	mportance of working capital
		iv.	Profits - Meaning, types and calculation of profit
		v.	Turnover - Meaning, calculations and factors affecting turnover.

7.	TRADE	Purpose	e and branches of trade –
	(a) HOME TRADE	Home Trad	e and Foreign Trade – Meaning and
		Differences	
		i. Reta	il trade:
		Fund	ctions of retailer
		- I	Factors to consider in starting a retail business
		-	Reasons for success/failure of retail
		ł	pusiness.
		ii. Sma	ll scale and large scale retailing –
		Тур	es of Retail Outlets,
		- 1	Jnit shops, Stalls, Hawkers, Kiosks, Mobile
		s	hops, Supermarket, Chain Stores, Department
		S	Stores, Shopping malls, Hypermarkets and
		1	Mail Order business
		The	main characteristics of each.
		- /	Advantages and disadvantages.
		- N	Modern trends in retailing – branding, self
		s	ervice, Vouchers. Vending machines, credit
			ards.
		iii. Who	lesale trade - Functions of Wholesalers Types

		of Wholesalers. Factors. Merchant and agent
		Wholesalers iv. Factor making for
	elim	ination and survival of middlemen
	v.	Channel of Distribution:
		Meaning, Types.
		Factors for choice of Channel

(b)	FOREIGN TRADE	i.	Meaning -
			Types: Import, export and entreport
		ii	Basic concept in International trade - terms of trade, balance of trade, balance of payment -favourable, unfavourable, visible and invisible items, bilateral and multilateral agreements and counter trade
		iv. v.	Advantages and Disadvantages Barriers to Foreign trade – vi.
			Tariffs – Meaning Reason for tariffs,
		vii.	Functions of port and Airports Authorities, Customs and Excise Authority and Shipping, Clearing and forwarding Agents. Exports promotion Council.

PURCHASE AND SALE	i.	Procedure and documents used in business -
OF GOODS IN HOME		Order, Indent, Consular Invoice, Ordinary Invoice,
AND FOREIGN TRADE		Credit/Debit notes, Proforma Invoice, Letter of
		hypothecation, documentary credit, certificate of
		origin, certificate of inspection, insurance
		certificate.
	ii.	Price Quotation - Trade discount, Cash discount,
		Quantity discount, COD, CWO, CIF, FOB, E &
		OE, Ex-works, LOCO, FAS, FOR and Franco iii.
		Terms of Payment: Cash/Spot Payment,
	Purch	ase and deferred payment.
	iv.	Means of payment - Legal tender – (bank notes
		and coins), cheques, standing order, bank draft, stamps, postal-orders, money orders, bills of exchange and promissory Note, mail transfer, traveller's cheques, telegraphic transfer. Epayment
	OF GOODS IN HOME	OF GOODS IN HOME AND FOREIGN TRADE ii. Purch

9.	FINANCE AND	i. Meaning ii.
	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	Evolution/History iii.
	A. MONEY	Forms iv. Qualities and
		functions.
		i. Types of Banks - Central Bank, Commercial
		Banks and other specialized banks e.g.
	B. BANKS	Development Bank, Mortgage Bank, Building
		Society, Micro finance institutions, - their
		features and Functions.
		Bureau-de-change (Meaning and
		Functions) ii. E. Banking – Meaning,
		forms - ATM, Money transfer -

	E Payment – online transfer
	 iii. Types of Accounts: Current, Savings and Fixed Deposit Account - Their main features i. Meaning and basic principles –
	utmost good faith, insurable interest, indemnity and subrogation, Contribution and proximate cause
	ii. Types of Insurance
	a. life Insurance
	- Whole life Assurance
C. INSURANCE	- Endowment
	b. Non life Insurance
	- Motor vehicle
	- Fire
	- Fidelity
	- Burglary/Robbery/Theft
	- Accidents
	- Consequential Loss
	- Marine
	c. Types of Risk
	i. Insurable Risk e.g. fundamental risks
	- Pure risk

	- Particular risk
	ii. Uninsurable risk
	- speculative risk
	d. Importance of Insurance to business and individual.
	e. Procedure for taking an Insurance Policy.
	f. Underwriting - meaning
	g. Re-insurance - Meaning and purpose
	i. Meaning ii.
	Functions
	iii. Methods of raising funds by companies - offer
	for sale, offer for subscription, rights issue, private
	placement, issue by tender Second tier Security
	market
	i. meaning and functions ii.
	Advantages to Companies/Public iii.
D. CAPITAL MARKET	Requirement for listing
	i. Meaning and functions, ii.
	Importance iii. Transactions on the
	stock exchange iv. Speculators -
	Meaning and Types
	v. Types of Security - Shares, Stock, Bond gilt edge,

		debentures/Convertible loans
		i. Meaning ii. Types of tradable
		commodities
	E. STOCK EXCHANGE (first tier)	 iii. Requirements for trading - Grading, Standardizing, Warehousing, Clearing system iv. Method of Trading - open outcry and electronic mechanisms v. Benefit of Commodity exchange
	F. COMMODITY	
	EXCHANGE	(i) Meaning
		(ii) Importance
		(iii) Choice of transport
		(iv) Forms
		(a) Land
		(b) Water
		(c) Air
		(d) Pipeline
		(v) Advantages and disadvantage of each form
10.		(vi) Documents - Waybills, Consignment note, tickets
	TRANSPORT, TOURISM,	and manifest
	COMMUNICATION and	(i) Meaning
	WAREHOUSING	(ii) Advantages and disadvantages
	A. TRANSPORT,	(i) Meaning

	(ii)	Types – Oral. Written, Visual, Non-verbal, Non-

		visual, Traditional,
	(iii)	Advantages and Disadvantages
	(iv)	Importance and services of Post Office
	(v)	Courier Agencies and other communication
		agencies – Telephone system, satellite services,
		internet- E-mail
	(vi)	Computer Appreciation
		- meaning,
		- component parts,
		- advantages and disadvantages.
	(i)	Meaning
	(ii)	Importance
	(iii)	Functions
	(iv)	Types
B. TOURISM	(v)	Advantages
C COMMUNICATION		

	D. WAREHOUSING		
11.	ADVERTISING	(i)	Meaning
		(ii)	Roles, advantages and disadvantages
		(iii)	Types - informative, persuasive, Competitive,
			mass/specific
		(iv)	Methods - direct and indirect
		(v)	Media- meaning, choice and types

12	INTRODUCTION TO	
12	MARKETING	
	MARKETING	
	A. MARKETING	
		(i) Meaning
		(ii) Importance
		(iii) Functions
		(iv) Differences between market and marketing,
		market and marketing research.
		The Marketing mix 4ps
	B. Marketing Concept	
		(i) Meaning
		(ii) Components
		- Products,
		- price,
		- place and
		- promotion
		(i) Meaning
		(ii) Importance

	 Types – Pre and after sales services (i) Meaning (ii) Methods Trade fairs, exhibitions, gifts, demonstration Personal Selling
	Meaning
C. Customer Services	Importance
D. Sales Promotion	

13.	LEGAL ASPECT OF BUSINESS	(i)	Contract
			- Meaning -
	Areas of law that relate to Business		- Elements of a valid contract
			- Discharge of a contract
		(ii)	Agency
			- Meaning
			- Creation
			- Duties and responsibilities of principals and
			agents
			- Termination
		(iii)	Sales of goods Act
		(iv)	Hire Purchase Act
		(v)	Rights and Obligations of employer and Employee
		(vi)	Government regulation of Business - patents,
			copyright. Trade mark
		(vii)	Registration of Business

		- Meaning and uses
		(i) Meaning
		(ii) Need for protection
		(iii) Means of protection
		(iv) Consumerism
		Meaning
		Means, Instrument of protection
		Government Legislation - food and drugs Act standard organization Act - Price Control Act - Factory, Shops and Offices Act – Product quality
	Consumer Protection	
14.	Government policies relating	
	to business	
	A. Commercialsation	
	B. PrivatisationC. Deregulation	(i) Meaning and Reasons
		(ii) Advantages and disadvantages
		(iii) Comparison/differences
15.	INTRODUCTION TO	i. Meaning ii. Objectives of
	BUSINESS MANAGEMENT	business iii. Meaning of Business
		ousiness in. meaning of Dusiness
		Management iv. Functions
		v. Business Resources
		- Man, Money, Materials Opportunities/Goodwill

		vi. Structure of Business organizational setup
		Organisational chart, Departments, Functions
		of each, Authority, Delegation of Authority
		- Responsibility Span of Control Meanings vii. Business and its environment Economical - Political Competition Technological etc viii. Social responsibility of Business to the Society ix. Importance of Inter and Intra departmental communications
16.	ECONOMIC GROUPINGS	i. History ii.
	A. ECOWAS	Membership iii.
	B NIGERBASIN .	Objectives iv.
	COMMISSION (NBC)	Achievements
	C. LAKECHADBASIN	v. Problems/Obstacles
	COMMISSION (LCBC)	
	D. MANO-RIVER UNION	
	E. EUROPEAN UNION	
	F. WEST AFRICAN CLEARING HOUSE	

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS

- Senior Secondary Commerce, Book One, two and three by M. O.
 Odedokun, P. C.
 Udokogu and C. O. N. Oguji.
- Basic Marketing- McCarthy Jerome, E., William Perreault Jr. iii. Marketing – G. B. Giles (The M & E hand book services) iv. Consumer Behaviour – Prof. Achumba (University of Lagos